Alexandria Gazette & Daily Advertiser.

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VOL. XVII] WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1817 [No 5016.

Description of Worms, and the symptoms by which they are known.

Worms which infest the human body are chiefly of four kinds viz.—The Teres or large round worm; the Ascarides or small maw-worm; the Cucurbitina or short flat white worm; and lastly, the Tenia or tape-worm, so called from its resemblance to tape. This is often many yards long and is full of joints. It is most hurtful and most difficult to remove.

Among the symptoms attending worms are—disagreeable breath, especially in the morning; bad and corrupted gums, itching in the nose, and about the seat, convulsions, epileptic fits, and sometimes privation of speech; starting and grinding of the teeth in sleep; irregular appetite, sometimes loathing food and sometimes voracious; purging with slimy and fœtid stools; vomiting; large and hard belly; pains and sickness at the stomach; slow fever with small and irregular pulse; a dry cough; excessive thirst; sometimes pale and unhealthy countenance, and sometimes the face bloated and flushed.

Persons afflicted with any of the above symptoms should have immediate recourse to Hamilton's Worm Destroying Lozenges, which have been constantly attended with success in all complaints similar to those above described.

A dose of this medicine given occasionally during the warm season, will effectually prevent the vomiting and purging of children—a dreadful disorder which annually destroys thousands of the infant part of our citizens. It is likewise the mildest and most certain remedy known, and has restored to health and strength a great number when in an advanced stage of this fatal complaint. Particular and plain instructions are given for every part of the necessary treatment in such cases.

Children generally take this medicine with eagerness; having a pleasing appearance, and an agreeable taste.

Hamilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard.

A safe and effectual remedy for rheumatisms gout palsy sprains and bruises white swellings old strains and relaxations numbness and weakness of the nerves pains of the side head ache swelled face frozen limbs and every similar complaint. It prevents chilblains or chopped hands and the ill effects of getting wet or damp in the feet.

The Genuine Persian Lotion,

So celebrated among the fashionable throughout Europe, is an invaluable cosmetic, perfectly innocent and safe, free from corrosive and repellent mineral the basis of other lotions, and of unparalleled efficacy in removing blemishes of the face and skin freckles pimples inflamatory redness scurfs tetters ringworms sunburns prickly heat &c. The Persian Lotion operates mildly, without impeding the natural insensible perspiration which is essential to health, yet its effects are speedy and permanent, rendering the skin delicately soft and smooth and improving the complexion.

The Damask Lip Salve—Restorative Powder for the teeth and gums.

This excellent preparation comforts and strengthens the gums, preserves the enamel from decay, and cleanses and whitens the teeth, by absorbing all the acrimonious slime and foulness which suffered to accumulate, never fails to injure and finally ruin them.

Hamilton's Grand Restorative,

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine for the speedy relief and permanent cure of the various complaints resulting from dissipated pleasures, juvenile indiscretions, residence in climates unfavourable to the constitution, the immoderate use of tea, frequent intoxication or any other destructive intemperance the unskilful or excessive use of mercury, the diseases peculiar to females at certain period of life, bad lyings in &c.

Hamilton's Elixir for Coughs, Colds &c.

Celebrated for the cure of colds obstinate coughs asthmas and approaching consumptions and a certain remedy for the hooping cough.

Hahn's genuine Eye Water,

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes, whether the effect of natural weakness or of accident.

Toothe Ache Drops.

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

Lee's Ointment for the Itch.

Warranted an infallible remedy at one application, may be used with perfect safety on infants a week old, not containing a particle of mercury or any dangerous ingredient whatever, and not accompanied with that tormenting smart which attends the application of other remedies.

Hahn's true & genuine German Corn Plaister.

☞ The above celebrated MEDICINES are prepared at LEE's Patent Medicine Warehouse New-York and sold wholesale & retail at the Book store of JAMES KENNEDY & SON King street, who are sole agents for Alexandria.

☞ At the place of sale pamphlets may be had gratis, describing cures performed by the above medicines; the number, importance and respectability of which, fully justify every article of this advertisement. June 4

For Freight,

The ship HAZARD, Wm. Crabtree, jun. master; burthen 3800 bbls. or 500 hhds. tobacco; can be ready in a few days for the reception of a cargo.—Apply to

LAWRASON & FOWLE.

For Portland, or any Eastern Port,

The superior schr PLANTER, Capt. Sturdivant; will sail in a few days and take freight low.

Also, for Freight,

The schr PACKET, Capt. M'Clellan; burthen about six hundred barrels; will take a freight to the West Indies or Coastwise.

ALSO,

The schr WILLIAM and NANCY, Capt. Young; will be ready in three days, and take a freight Coastwise on very moderate terms.—Apply as above.

september 8

For New-York,

The sloop PLOUGHBOY, captain Watkins, is a fast sailer, burthen 500 barrels, in complete order to receive cargo on board For freight or passage apply to JOHN G. LADD & CO.

september 6

Lime and Lumber

JOHN G. LADD & Co offer for sale the cargo of brig Galen, viz:

600 casks fresh Thomastown LIME
7,000 feet clean } BOARDS
7,000 feet merchantable }

For Boston or any Eastern Port,

The brig GALEN, captain M'Intire, burthen 900 barrels, will be ready to receive freight in two days Apply as above. sept 4

Lawrason & Fowle

HAVE for sale the cargo of brig Susan, captain Woodbury, from Portland, of

200 tons PLASTER PARIS.
300 boxes BROWN SOAP.

For Freight.

The brig SUSAN will be ready to receive a cargo in a few days, and take freight on very moderate terms.

sept. 3 Apply as above.

Plaster Paris, etc.

JOHN G. LADD & Co. have received per brig Economy, from Boston, and offer for sale—

120 tons Plaster Paris
20 barrels N. E. Rum
2 cases Straw Bonnets.

For Boston.

The packet brig ECONOMY, Josiah Farrow, jun. master; will be ready to receive a cargo in a few days. For freight or passage apply to JOHN G. LADD & Co.

september 2

For Freight.

The brig DOVE, Wm. T. Tobey master, burthen 1,250 barrels, now in complete order for the reception of a cargo. Apply to MORDECAI MILLER, or TH. H. HOWLAND.

8 mo. 28 12t

For Freight.

The elegant & fast sailing ship VICTORY, Wm. Terry master; burthen 250 tons or 2800 barrels. She is 3 years old, in complete order for a voyage, and may be ready for the reception of a cargo in ten days. ALSO,

The substantial built ship AUGUSTUS, Stephen Potter master; burthen 360 tons. She may be here and ready to receive a cargo in a few days.

THOMAS H. HOWLAND.

June 25

For New-York,

The schr FRIENDSHIP 5 or 600 barrels will be taken on reasonable terms. Apply to CALDWELL & JACKSON,

Who have just received, for sale,

50 kegs Tongues and Sounds.
20 ditto Pickled Lobsters.
10 boxes Spermaceti Candles.

July 1

Journeymen Stone-Masons

Wanted at Fort Washington.

A NUMBER of Journeyman Stone-Masons will meet with constant employment at Two Dollars and Twenty-five Cents per day, at Fort Washington, on the Potomac, near Alexandria.

August 27 tf

Notice.

UNION BANK stock for sale, or in exchange for Franklin Bank stock. Enquire of the printer. August 1

For Sale,

MECHANICS' & Potomac BANK STOCK. Apply to the Printer.

July 29

Tobacco.

MARYLAND TOBACCO will be purchased by

Aug 26 LAWRASON & FOWLE.

Sugar & Molasses

LANDING this Day, from on board the British schr. Alert, Capt. Kirkpatrick, from Barbados,

38 hhds. Muscovado Sugar, and
45 puncheons bright Molasses

For sale by

FR. ADAMS, Jun.

August 15 Merchants' whf.

Barbados Sugar.

28 HHDS. first quality Barbados Sugar, for sale at long credit for approved bills, or discount allowed for cash.

N REILLY,

Stores of Messrs. J. & P. Janney, August 15 Union street

Prime Chewing Tobacco.

30 KEGS first quality Chewing Tobacco, just received from Richmond, and for sale on accommodating terms, by JOHN JACKSON & Co.

August 11

Y. Hyson Tea, Pimento, &c.

20 CHESTS superior Young Hyson Tea.
20 bags Jamaica Pimento.
50 bags green Coffee.
12 hhds northern Rum.
5 tierces fresh Rice.

Received and for sale by

MANDEVILLE & LARMOUR.

July 28

Whiskey, Coffee and Cider.

15 HHDS 25 bbls } WHISKEY,
3000 lbs. Green COFFEE,
30 doz bottles Newark CIDER,

Just received per schr Geo. Washington, from Norfolk, and for sale by

WM. M. CHICK,

July 22 Central Wharf.

Buenos Ayres Hides.

500 BUENOS AYRES HIDES, in fine order, just received per the Margaret, and for sale by

TH. H HOWLAND.

9 mo. 2d 12t

Bottled Cider.

160 DOZ. first quality Philadelphia Cider, just received per schr. Philadelphia, and for sale by the dozen or single bottle, by

WM. GARNER.

August 25 mwfôt Vowell's whf.

Bolting Cloths.

THE subscriber has this day received, a large and elegant assortment of Bolting Cloths, of a superior quality, which will be offered for sale at the store of Messrs. Butts & Cawood, King-street, Alex'a, where he intends keeping a complete assortment in FUTURE

Sept. 6 AMOS ALEXANDER.

Fresh Lisbon Lemons, &c.

JOHN G. LADD & Co. have received per schooner Pike, from Baltimore, and offer for sale,

20 boxes fresh Lisbon Lemons.
1 bale India Floor Matts.

August 4

Tea, Coffee, &c.

MANDEVILLE & LARMOUR offer for sale,

20 chests } Gunpowder & Imperial
50 boxes } TEA
40 chests Young Hyson do
400 bags Green Coffee
20 do East India do
52 hhds. } Muscovado Sugars
40 bbls. }
60 hhds. Barbados bright Molasses
10 puncheons West India Rum
12 do Northern do
20 hhds. } Penn. Rye Whiskey.
30 bbls }
1½ pipe 5th prf. Irish do 7 yrs. old
20 dozen old superior claret
40 do low priced do
20 bags Jamaica Pimento
40 do black Pepper
100 lbs. fresh Nutmegs
40 casks London refined Saltpetre

With their usual assortment of Wines, Liquors and Groceries, for cash, or at the usual credit to punctual customers.

ALSO FOR SALE.

From their factory on Water-street.

Brown Soap, Mould and Dipt Candles } Warranted to be of the Best Quality.

N. B. They will give the market price for Tallow. August 18

ICE,

To be had every day

DURING the summer, from morning till sunset, except Sundays, on which day it will be delivered till 10 o'clock, A. M.

☞ Those who wish to subscribe for the season, will please apply to

LEWIS BEELER.

May 28

Brandy and Cheese.

3,000 lbs. Goshen Cheese
30 bb's. Apple Brandy, superior quality—

Just received and for sale by the subscriber. WM. M. CHICK,

August 8 Central Wharf.

Sper. Candles & Sugar paper.

JOHN G. LADD & Co. have received per schoonor Native and sloop Henry, and offer for sale,

50 boxes Spermaceti Candles.
20 bundles Sugar paper.

July 23

India-Point Gin.

JOHN G. LADD & Co. have received per schr Lucy, and offer for sale, 6 hhds. India Point GIN.

July 24

Prime Rice.

JOHN G. LADD & Co. have received per schooner Sally, and offer for sale,

25 tierces } Prime Rice.
10 half tierces }

July 17

Prime Pork

A FEW barrels PRIME PORK, just received and for sale by

LAWRASON & FOWLE.

July 28

For Sale,

A few casks Messrs Murdock, Youille, Wardrop and Co's London Particular Madeira—Quality, fine

W HODGSON

Jan 31

Ladies' Silk & Morocco Shoes.

&c. &c.

JUST received, from Genoa, a few boxes of ladies' elegant Silk & Morocco Shoes, men's Boots, Bootees and Shoes—*Also*, Mantle Ornaments.

And by the schooner Geo. Washington, from Norfolk,

17 hhds Prime MOLASSES.

For sale by

NEWTON KEENE.

August 26

Molasses.

LANDING from British brig Minerva captain Jennings, from Trinidad, 71 hhds. very choice Molasses.

For sale by

BARNWALL & POPHAM, Merchants' Wharf.

ALSO,

4 hhds. } N. E. RUM,
50 bbls. }

Landing from brig Economy, from Boston. Apply as above.

sept. 2 1w

17,500 lbs. Green Coffee.

LINDSAY & HILL have just received, and offer for sale,

17,500 lbs Green Coffee, and
10 bbls PORK,

which they will sell low sept. 2

Sheetings & Soap.

LAWRASON & FOWLE, have received and for sale,

6 bales Russia Sheetings.
200 boxes brown Soap. Aug. 18

R Darrah.

SURGEON DENTIST,

RESPECTFULLY gives notice to the ladies and gentlemen of Alexandria and its vicinity, that he has returned to his old stand, Mr. Atkinson's house, in Fairfax-street, where he will continue four or five weeks, and will be happy to wait on them in the line of his profession. He makes and inserts the best of Artificial Teeth, from one to a full sett, in the best manner—he cleans, mends, plugs and extracts Teeth, Roots and Stumps in the best manner.

september 2 tuths3w

Eagle Tavern, Georgetown

THE subscribers respectfully inform the citizens of the District, that they have taken the large and commodious public house in Water-st. Georgetown, between Jefferson and Congress streets, lately occupied by Mr. Hunt, which has undergone a thorough repair, and is now ready for the reception of company. The eligibility of the situation will render it a convenient resort for travellers; and the local advantages it possesses, will, the subscribers trust, secure it a share of the public patronage.

CHARLES GIBSON
THOMAS TYDINGS.

June 18 tf

Pork and Coffee.

LINDSAY & HILL have just received, and offer for sale,

20 bbls. Pork.
2,500 pounds best green Coffee.

August 25

John Jackson & Co.

OFFER FOR SALE,

10 bales burlaps
2 super cloths
2 osnaburgs
4 ticklenburgs
1 case dowlas, superior quality
5 bales India cottons
2 bales bombazetts
1 trunk 7-8 London chintz
2 trunks prints, good patterns
2 cases cords and velvets
1 cotton hose
2 trunks super ginghams
1 do camcric do
1 case tapes
1 jaconet cambrics
2 brown holland
1 Irish linen
2 umbrellas

The above described goods were purchased for cash at auction in New-York, and will be sold to merchants at a small advance in lots to suit them on accommodating terms.—they have also,

2 cases French hats
2 silk hats
4 felt do
5 morocco, kid and silk shoes
1 boots and shoes,

Together with a great variety of dry goods and groceries, which will be sold at very reduced prices,

They are receiving goods daily, so that a constant supply of well selected goods is kept up, affording to merchants an opportunity of supplying themselves with whatever may be wanting at the most reduced prices. Their assortment at all times will be found well worth the attention of purchasers, and to those who purchase largely, a liberal credit will be given for approved paper. May 16

ENGLISH AND GERMAN

ALMANACS, for 1818,

Just published and for sale by the gross, dozen or single one,

By JOHN A STEWART,

Who has on hand,

a large stock of writing and letter paper, pasteboards, slates, blank books, quills, sealing wax, wafers, playing cards, and paper for rooms.

ALSO,

Family and common bibles and testaments, prayer books, psalm and hymn books, with many other established religious works of merit. A general assortment of

School Books,

Among which are, the Greek and Latin Classics, Dilworth's, Webster's, Mavor's, Comley's, Murray's, Columbian and Philadelphia spelling books, Murray's, Webster's, Ashe's and Comley's grammars, Murray's Primer, Introduction, Reader, Exercises and Key, Am. Class Book, Blair's Reading Exercises, New Introduction to Reading, New York Reader, No. 1, 2 and 3, Scott's Lessons, Enfield's Speaker, Goldsmith's England, Rome and Greece, Webster's Selection, American Speaker, Dodsley's and Croxall's Fables, Blair's Grammar of Chemistry, O'Neal's and Willet's Geography, Dilworth's, Tutor's, Jesse's & Jaudon's Arithmetic, Johnson's, Sheridan's, and Walker's Dictionary, Atlasses and Maps, etc. etc. together with a large stock of Law, History and Miscellany.

Wholesale purchasers allowed a liberal discount. August 21

Double Block Tin Ware, &c.

BEING desirous of selling out, the subscriber offers his STOCK ON HAND, consisting of an elegant assortment of Double Block Tin Ware, with a general assortment of Plane do. at very reduced prices, wholesale or retail. Apply at the Factory, opposite the Gazette printing office. WM. MOORE.

August 14 tf

Notice.

IN future, the STEAM BOAT will leave Conway's wharf at 9 A. M. and the TEAM BOAT at 4 o'clock P. M. for Georgetown. Having rented a commodious and safe room immediately on the wharf, all goods sent to either boat can be deposited there; the key of which will be left at Mr. Andrew Jamieson's counting room. JOHN SHREVE.

August 13 fmw

Alexandria Public Baths

THE public are respectfully informed that the Bath House adjoining the Theatre, is now ready for the reception of visitors—there is a large room exclusively appropriated for ladies. The public house is now entirely excluded from the bath house, so that persons visiting to bath will not be incommoded by persons not coming for the same purpose

THOMAS SHIELDS.

May 10 tf

Prime Pork.

JOHN G. LADD and Co. have received per schooner Packet from Baltimore, and offer for sale—

50 barrels prime PORK.

July 17

Corn for Sale.

FIVE hundred bushels of CORN, on reasonable terms. Apply to CALDWELL & JACKSON.

June 20

A Negro Servant wanted.

A LIBERAL price will be given for a male Servant of color, from 14 to 24 years of age. Enquire of the printer.

July 28

Hardware & Cutlery.

THE subscriber has a few casks Hardware and Cutlery, which he will sell very low for cash or on a short credit. He has also a handsome assortment of GOODS opened, with a general assortment of

Fancy Goods;

☞ Country merchants and others will find it to their interest to call and see the Goods.

JOHN JOHNSTON.

March 4

Piano Fortes.

JUST received, for sale by the subscribers, two elegant fine toned PIANO FORTES, with the additional Keys, and newest fashion.

JAS. KENNEDY & SON.

Pine Apples, Rum, Sugar, &c.

JOHN G. LADD & Co offers for sale the cargo of sloop Brothers, captain Gibson, from Nassau, viz:

500 dozen fresh Pine Apples.
5 puncheons Antigua Rum.
14 casks Molasses.
8 barrels } Muscovado Sugar.
2 hogsheads }
2 tierces }
7 boxes Brazil Sugar.
2 tons Lignumvitæ.
2 cwt. Lead. July 26

Molasses.

LANDING this day, from the British Brig Minerva, Capt. Jennings, from Trinidad,

97 hhds. choice Molasses

For sale by

FR. ADAMS, Jun.

september 1 Merchants' whf.

Lawrason & Fowle,

Have in store for sale,

70,000 lbs. prime green coffee
131 boxes white } Havanna sugars
60 do brown } of sup. quality
6 hhds. loaf } Sugars
30 bags Calcutta }
50 hhds. } Muscovado Sugar
170 bls. }
15 hhds. molasses
60 hhds. } New England Rum
250 bls. }
10 hhds. } Whiskey
20 bls. }
700 boxes mould and dipt candles
50 boxes No. 1, 2, and 3, chocolate
50 cases salad oil
20 chests young hyson tea
1500 pieces yellow and blue nankeens
1 bale company bandannas
15 bales India cottons
60 bags Sumatra pepper
400 lbs. Bengal indigo
50 bags filberts
50 bolts Russia duck
3 bales Russia sheetings
150 boxes Boston & Chelmsford window glass
1000 reams wrapping paper
200 bundles sheathing do
25 ditto sugar do
15 tons clean St. Petersburgh hemp
40 tons Swedes' iron, square bar, from 7-8 to 2 inches
250 crates Liverpool ware, assorted
1400 sacks Liverpool blown } Salt
5000 bushels coarse }
16 crates and hogsheads Liverpool dining and tea sets China and lustre ware
30 boxes tea sets, India China
4 half pipes Sicily Madeira wines, [Woodhouse's brand]
20 cases superior quality Medoc claret
2 very elegant marble mantles

June 21

Alexandria Morocco Manufactory.

At the Corner of Oronoko & Water streets near the Fish wharf,

Where may be had, Morocco for gentlemen's boots, Morocco and American Kid of all colors for ladies' shoes, coachmakers' and hatters' Lining Skins, hatters' and spinning wool. The above articles manufactured in the best manner by the subscribers,

John D. Benkhart & Co.

N. B. All kinds of Silks scowered and dyed in the best manner.

ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE
AND DAILY ADVERTISER.

PUBLISHED BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
ROYAL-STREET.

Daily Gazette 7 Dollars.
Country Gazette 5 Dollars.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1817.

From the Philad. Independent Balance.

"One murder makes a villain;
Millions—a hero!"

When the angel of death seals the warrior's doom,
And his body descends to the calm of the grave,
The banner of glory waves high o'er his tomb,
And laurels encircle the frame of the brave.

The song of the poet—the pen of the scribe,
Proclaim his bold deeds to a listening world;
And it proves the sad truth—"Where glory's the bribe,"
"With scorn from her throne sacred reason is hurl'd."

The murderer of millions—we honor in man!
While infamy covers the slayer of one:
The first is a *heroe* that guides us to fame,
The other a *quicksand*, we're order'd to shun.

Away with this tinsel distinction of crime
Where a monument stands, let a gibbet be rear'd;
Let it be the record, unbrib'd by time,
That breathes forth the doom of a *world* they've dispeared.

CAUSTIC.

From the New-Brunswick Times.

ON THE BEAUTIES OF NATURE.

That sensibility to beauty, which when cultivated and improved, we term taste, is universally diffused thro' the human species, and it is most uniform with respect to those objects which being out of our power, are not liable to variation, from accident, caprice or fashion. The verdant lawn, the shady grove, the variegated landscape, the boundless ocean, and the starry firmament, are contemplated with pleasure, by every attentive beholder. To relish with full delight the enchanting scenes of nature, the mind must be uncorrupted by avarice, sensuality, or ambition; quick in her sensibilities, elevated in her sentiments, and devout in her affections. He who possesses such exalted powers of perception and enjoyment, may almost say with the poet,

"I care not, Fortune! what you me deny;
You cannot rob me of free nature's grace;
You cannot shut the windows of the sky,
Thro' which Aurora shows her brightening face;
You cannot bar my constant feet to trace
The woods and lawns, by living stream, at eve:
Let health my nerves and finer fibres brace,
And I their toys to the great children leave:
Of fancy, reason, virtue, nought can me bereave." Thompson.

Perhaps such ardent enthusiasm may not be compatible with the necessary toils and active offices which providence has assigned to the generality of men. But there are some to whom some portion of it may not prove advantageous; and if it were cherished by each individual, in that degree which is consistent with the indispensable duties of his station, the felicity of human life would be considerably augmented. From this source, the refined and vivid pleasures of the imagination are almost entirely derived; and the elegant arts owe their choicest beauties to a taste for the contemplation of nature.—Painting and sculpture are express imitations of visible objects: and where would be the charms of poetry, if divested of the images and embellishments which she borrows from rural scenes? Painters, statuaries, and poets, therefore, are always ambitious to acknowledge themselves the pupils of nature: and as their skill increases, they grow more and more delighted with every view of the animal and vegetable world. But the pleasure of admiration is transient: and to cultivate taste, without regard to its influence on the passions and affections, "is to rear a tree for its blossoms, which is capable of yielding the richest and most valuable fruit." Physical and moral beauty bear so intimate a relation to each other, that they may be considered as different gradations in the scale of existence; and the knowledge and relish of the former, should be deemed only a step to the noble and more permanent enjoyments of the latter.

Would you then taste the tranquil scene?
Be sure your bosom be serene;
Devoid of hate, devoid of strife,
Devoid of all that poisons life:
And much it vails you in their place
To graft the love of human race.
Shenstone.

Now such scenes contribute powerfully to inspire that serenity which is necessary to enjoy and to heighten their beauties. By a secret contagion, the soul catches the harmony which she contemplates, and the frame within assimilates itself to that which is without. For

"Who can forbear to smile with nature? Can
The stormy passions in the bosom roll,
Whilst every gale is peace, and every grove
Is melody?" *Thompson.*

In this state of sweet composure, we become susceptible of virtuous impressions, from almost every surrounding object: and we exult in the felicity of the whole animal creation.

Thus an equal and extensive benevolence is called forth into exertion; and having *felt* a common interest in the gratifications of inferior beings, we shall be no longer indifferent to their sufferings, or become wantonly instrumental in producing them.

But the taste for natural beauty is subservient to higher purposes, and the cultivation of it not only refines and humanizes, but dignifies and exalts the affections. It elevates them to the admiration and love of that being, who is the author of all that is fair, sublime and good in the creation.

Scepticism and irreligion are hardly compatible with the sensibility of heart which arises from a just and lively relish of the wisdom, harmony and order subsisting in the world around us: and emotions of piety must spring up spontaneously in the bosom that is in unison with all animated nature. Actuated by this divine inspiration, man finds a fane in every grove: and glowing with devout fervor, he joins his song to the universal chorus, or muses the praise of the Almighty in more expressive silence. Thus they

"Whom Nature's works can charm,
with God himself
Hold converse; grow familiar, day by day,
With his conceptions: act upon his plan;
And form to his, the relish of their souls."
Beattie.

From a black letter Jest Book.

Now it chanced that the gude shippe *Hector* caste anchour in the Thames river, and the captaine thereof being much given to wine, and little, invited that cunninge poete Mr. Benjamin Johnson to drinke with him in this said shippe, whereupon this poete did with all speede repaire thither, and did sette down with the aforesaid captaine, and they two did quaffe wine in gude fellowshippe, for a great space of time, till finallie the captaine raised himself from his seate and holding nightalle by the side of the cabin, saide, "Now mye friende Johnston, addresse my gude shipe with an essaie of verse." "Most willinglie—what's the name of your gude shippe?" "*Hector*," reioined the captaine: then Johnson rising with the goblette of wine in sinister, and supporte himself as he mought with his dexter, lowdly did proclaime as followeth:

Oh! thou great Hector sonne of Priamus,
Behold thy master's drunk as I amm.

Whereupon in an extasie of ioye they bothe emptyed their goblettes, and as it were spontaneouslie prostrated themselves beneath the table.

A farmer having settled in a country village on a little farm, gained the esteem of the whole neighborhood. The first year was hardly expired, when he lost a very fine cow, which was by much the best of all his cattle, and he was extremely mortified at it; but this was nothing to the grief he felt a short time afterwards, when death also took away his wife. His neighbors thought they were obliged to comfort him. "Honest farmer, said one of them do not afflict yourself: the wife you have lost, was a good one, it is true, but there is as good to be had. I have three daughters for my part, take your choice of them.—Another offered him a sister, another a niece.—"Lord have mercy upon us, cried the farmer, it is better to lose one's wife than one's cow; my wife is scarcely three hours dead, and here are half a dozen people offering to supply her place for me! but when my cow died the devil a one spoke of giving me another.

ALEXANDRIA:
WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1817.

MCGREGOR'S BLOCKADE

The readers of this Gazette have witnessed the commiseration we have uniformly expressed for the unhappy beings who are held in subjection, even by their own bigotry and infatuated blindness to the tyrant Ferdinand—they must also have done justice to the liberality and zeal with which we have entered into the cause of those brave men in South America, who have been struggling to break from the red-hot iron shackles of that stupid despot. We shall not be suspected, then, (and if we are, we care not) of being actuated by a spirit hostile to their interests, or to the cause of true substantial practical liberty, when we take occasion to censure any gross malversations on the part of those who either actually may be, or assume to themselves the character of authorised officers in that awful enterprise. If, as journalists, we owe the expression of our good wishes to the generous champions of a noble cause entirely unconnected with our country, we cannot, on the other hand, fail to recognize an obligation, of at least as strong and a still less dubious and equivocal kind to truth and justice, towards the rest of the world, and still more particularly to the country that claims our devotion, our allegiance, and the warmest affections of our heart.

If any man, whose principles and feelings are kept in a due balance by truth and common sense, can read the DECLARATION OF BLOCKADE published by citizen Sir Gregor M'Gregor, without being startled, then we are more mistaken than we remember to have been since we first began to think.—What? a declaration of blockade! almost the extremest resource—the most invidious exertion of power—the most hateful and injurious outrage upon the rights of nations which despotism, in old established, universally acknowledged sovereignties, standing, not upon justice, but upon irresistible physical power, can exercise—and which even the most powerful and arrogant of them have never had the shameless audacity to perpetrate, without, at the same time, pleading self-preservation for their excuse. Shall such a power, operating to the annoyance, and the exclusion from their indisputable rights, of the whole world beside, be assumed by and yielded to an adventurer, who has scarcely a month's certain possession of the ground on which he and his followers stand, and whose title to the very commission under which he pretends to act, is by many of the most zealous friends of liberty, regarded as doubtful, while the very authority itself from which he claims to derive it, is considered as apocryphal?—No!—Forbid it honor, justice and national spirit!—Forbid it Heaven!

For our parts, we feel in no sort disposed to call in question either the genuineness of Mr. McGregor's commission, or the authority by which it may have been issued; much less to obstruct or in any way whatever retard the efforts of the South American Patriots. But we cannot lend him the company of our good wishes through such a *daring, high handed* measure as this blockade: a measure, too, so preposterous in its circumstances, so impolitic with regard to the cause of the Patriots, and so injurious and offensive to every civilized nation (assuredly not less to this than to any other), that we should rather suppose it to have been whispered in Sir Gregor's ear by some Jesuit in the interests of Ferdinand, than suggested by the judgment of an able commander or a sincere patriot.

The proceedings of Sir Gregor and his host first excited the curiosity, then the suspicion, and lastly the alarm of our citizens. "What can be the object of this incursion, and of operations so very remote from the great seat of action?—Have the Patriots, (allowed as they are by royal troops in various parts of South America) such an abundance of men that they can spare detachments for the mere purpose of diversion?" This was the first question that arose upon Sir Gregor's taking possession of Amelia, and which we answered in the manner most promising to our hopes, by saying that we supposed Amelia was taken possession of, as a point of rendezvous, a *place d'armes*, whither all the choice spirits of freedom and adventure scattered over the world might resort, and be collected and disciplined for service against Ferdinand.—The operations of this host, however, soon excited suspicions of no favourable kind, as bearing the aspect more of predatory than military conduct; and now we see this chief, at the head of a *scanty handful* of men—at the utmost computation not enough to make half an ordinary regiment—assuming sovereign power in its worst and most despotic aspect over a whole coast, and forbidding neutral nations to resort there according to their usual custom, for the purposes of trade.

Can Sir Gregor McGregor be so mad as to carry this menace into execution—or think the nations of the earth so destitute of spirit as to submit to it? Suppose a vessel laden with merchandize from Baltimore, Philadelphia or N. York, sails to St. Augustine, and is taken by one of those called Patriot vessels, will Sir Gregor confiscate the property?—will he hurt a hair of an American's head?—We hope not—For unquestionably it would become the duty of our President in that case, without further expostulation, to send a force to disperse and chastise them as PIRATES. We do not like to use hard words on any occasion—much less in a case connected with the South American patriots: but we will maintain that, if under color of such a ridiculous *Tom Thumb usurpation*, a neutral vessel be taken and confiscated, the captors are, in the purview of all laws, PIRATES—I a life be lost, they are murderers,—and as such will and *ought to be* treated. We need not tell Sir Gregor that *by the laws of European nations*, the punishment for piracy or murder is of a very ungentlemanly character.

Is it to be supposed that the sovereigns of Europe will overlook this extraordinary measure, or fail to repress it with speedy hostility? Can our own government, tolerant and liberal as it is known to be, overlook such an intrusion on our very threshold? As sincere friends to the emancipation of South America, we wish Sir Gregor would withdraw his blockade without delay, by a counter-proclamation, and at once get rid of two severe suspicions he has incurred by it:—One, that he is playing into the hands of Ferdinand's agents, by raising the resentments and alarm of all nations against the revolutionists: the other, that the establishment at Amelia has been undertaken only for the purposes of piracy.

New-York, Sept. 5.

Yesterday, at the circuit court of the United States now sitting in this city, before the hon. Brockholst Livingston, one of the justices of the supreme court of the United States, the grand jury presented a bill of indictment against Frederick Jacobsen, late of the ship Aristides, for having, on the 17th day of June last, near Currituck Inlet, destroyed the said ship, then on her voyage from New-Orleans to this port, by boring holes in her bottom. The prisoner, who had been confined in Bridewell, pleaded not guilty, and the court assigned him John Wells and David B. Ogden, Esqs. as counsel, who willingly undertook his defence. The trial is to take place on Monday next. The prisoner was remanded to prison. [Mer. Adv.

September 5.

Ship Christopher Gore, from Holland, now below, with 280 passengers, is in a most wretched condition from sickness. When she sailed from Amsterdam she had 280 passengers on board, who had been for several weeks living in the streets of Amsterdam, like Lazzaroni—They were shipped by the civil authority of Amsterdam, most of them in a state of sickness. Forty-nine adults were thrown overboard during the passage, including the mate and one of the seamen. We understand that other vessels, freighted with these miserable creatures, were soon to sail for this port.

Extract of a letter, dated Boston, Sept. 5.

"Many well informed people here think that the serpent is a mere machine, containing the ex-emperor of the French, who has, in this way, escaped from his prison at St. Helena; but being desirous to land here, will not suffer himself to be examined too closely, and, therefore, eludes pursuit. He was seen the day before yesterday in Boston market, and many ran out to behold Napoleon in propria persona in the course of a day or two."

From the N. York Even. Post, Sep. 30.

FINANCE REPORT.

We have copied from the London Times an official statement of the income and expenditure of Great Britain, made in a report of a committee to the house of commons, with the remarks of the editor of that paper upon it, who appears not to be attached either to the ministry or the opposition, and is certainly no friend to the retrenchers. This document will merit the consideration of all persons interested in the British funds.

FINANCE REPORT.

The fourth report of the committee of income and expenditure has been received: and its substance bears a closer relation to the purpose for which the committee was appointed than any of the preceding reports. It nearly treats of the income and expenditure of last, and the probable income and expenditure of the future years, ending respectively the 5th of January, 1818 and 1819. The report must be considered as a plea or address intended to inspire hope; but might serve very well for one of those annual speeches with which the chancellor of the exchequer ushers in his budget. It is more profuse in tables and figures. We hasten to its results; we only premise, that the committee have, we think, properly, confined their view to the net produce received at the exchequer, leaving out of their consideration the gross receipts from the gross receipt, drawbacks, bounties, and other allowances and expenses, as well as for the charge of collecting and managing the revenue. These payments, however, it is observed, form a very important subject for future enquiry, inasmuch as they enable an expenditure out of the gross revenue. Great Britain and Ireland, which the last year amounted to no less than 11,117,009l.

The committee then proceed to a view of the estimated income and expenditure of the years 1817 and 1818, that is, from January the 5th, 1817.

The public income received at the Exchequer of Great Britain in 1816, was—

For the permanent consolidated fund,	£ 27,294,[illegible]
War taxes appropriated to pay the interest, &c. of loans charged to the consolidated fund, to the 5th July, 1816,	2,350,[illegible]
Arrears of property tax to the 5th January, 1817.	574,[illegible]
Total consolidated fund,	29,168,[illegible]
Annual duties applied to the discharge of exchequer bills,	2,931,34[illegible]
War taxes, deducting the amount carried to the consolidated fund,	15,545,8[illegible]
Receipts not comprised under the foregoing heads, including the sum of 1,154,[illegible] the proportion paid by Ireland to the joint expenditure of 1815, and including the sum of 5,[illegible] paid in on account of loan	7,815,[illegible]
Making a total receipt of	65,170,[illegible]

The expenditure of Great Britain in 1816, was—

The interest and management of the public unredeemed debt,	29,[illegible]
The sinking fund,	12,9[illegible]
Charge of debt,	42,[illegible]
From which deduct the interest, sinking fund, etc. for the debt of Ireland funded in Great Britain,	4,[illegible]
Charge of debt for Great Britain,	37,[illegible]
The civil list,	1,[illegible]
Pensions, etc.	[illegible]
Total charge on consolidated fund,	39,[illegible]
Payments for public services,	30,[illegible]
Total issues,	70,[illegible]

We should be very happy, we confess, to acquiesce in the reasoning of the committee on the probability of a favorable state of the revenue, supposing it not to be produced by oppressive taxation, but by the affluence and consequent liberal expenditure of the people. We may, however, observe, that experience, so far as it has gone, serves rather to shake the prophesies of the committee. They argue, that, as taxation diminishes on the one hand from the peace establishment, it may be expected on the other to be more productive by the increased consumption of taxable commodities; but have the assessed taxes hitherto increased since the war taxes have been taken off? These are the statements and arguments of the committee respecting the two years in question:

"Your committee have, in the first place, been led to consider in what degree the produce, in the last year, of the taxes and duties composing the existing revenue, could with propriety be assumed as the measure of their future annual produce.

"In directing their attention to this essential part of their inquiry, your committee could entertain no doubt as to the general result to which it would necessarily lead. The nature and extent of the distress which has prevailed throughout those classes of the community which constitute the bulk of the population, were too strongly impressed upon the minds of your committee to admit of the supposition, that under such circumstances the revenue could have been productive in an ordinary degree. It is obvious to reason, as well as consistent with all former experience, that the revenue derived from articles of the most general consumption must be injured by the calamity of a deficient harvest; and when the committee considered that the distress proceeding from this cause had followed immediately that
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FINANCE REPORT.

The fourth report of the committee of income and expenditure has been printed; and its substance bears a closer relation to the purpose for which the committee was appointed than any of the preceding reports. It really treats of the income and expenditure of last, and of the probable income and expenditure of the future years, ending respectively on the 5th of January, 1818 and 1819. The report must be considered as a pleading or address intended to inspire hope; and might serve very well for one of those annual speeches with which the chancellor of the exchequer ushers in his budget, but is more profuse in tables and figures.—We hasten to its results; merely premising, that the committee have, we think properly, confined their view to the net produce received at the exchequer, leaving out of their consideration the previous payments from the gross receipt, for drawbacks, bounties, and other allowances and expenses, as well as for the charge of collecting and managing the revenue. These payments, however, they observe, form a very important subject of future enquiry, inasmuch as they embrace an expenditure out of the gross revenue of Great Britain and Ireland, which in the last year amounted to no less than 11,117,000l.

The committee then proceed to a view of the estimated income and expenditure of the years 1817 and 1818, that is, up to January the 5th, 1819.

The public income received at the Exchequer of Great Britain in 1816, was—

For the permanent consolidated fund,	£37,899,350
War taxes appropriated to pay the interest, &c. of loans charged to the consolidated fund, to the 5th July, 1816,	1,310,202
Arrears of property tax to the 5th January, 1817,	874,006
Total consolidated fund,	39,088,558
Annual duties applied to the discharge of exchequer bills,	2,931,343
War taxes, deducting the amount carried to the consolidated fund,	15,345,884
Receipts not comprised under the foregoing heads, including the sum of 1,184,000l. the proportion paid by Ireland to the joint expenditure of 1815, and including the sum of 5,239,800l. paid in on account of loan	7,815,451
Making a total receipt of	65,176,176

The expenditure of Great Britain in 1816, was—

The interest and management of the public unredeemed debt,	29,559,610
The sinking fund,	12,987,636
Charge of debt,	42,527,246
From which deduct the interest, sinking fund, etc. for the debt of Ireland funded in Great Britain,	4,558,558
Charge of debt for Great-Britain,	37,968,688
The civil list,	1,028,000
Pensions, etc.	696,742
Total charge on consolidated fund,	39,693,430
Payments for public services,	30,686,838
Total issues,	70,380,268

We should be very happy, we confess, to acquiesce in the reasoning of the committee on the probability of a favorable state of the revenue, supposing it not to be produced by oppressive taxation, but by the affluence and consequent liberal expenditure of the people. We may, however, observe, that experience, so far as it has gone, serves rather to shake the prophesies of the committee. They argue, that, as taxation diminishes on the one hand from the peace establishment, it may be expected on the other to be more productive by the increased consumption of taxable commodities; but have the assessed taxes hitherto increased since the war taxes have been taken off? These are the statements and arguments of the committee respecting the two years in question:

"Your committee have, in the first place, been led to consider in what degree the produce, in the last year, of the taxes and duties composing the existing revenue, could with propriety be assumed as the measure of their future annual produce.

"In directing their attention to this essential part of their inquiry, your committee could entertain no doubt as to the general result to which it would necessarily lead. The nature and extent of the distress which has prevailed throughout those classes of the community which constitute the bulk of the population, were too strongly impressed upon the minds of your committee to admit of the supposition, that under such circumstances the revenue could have been productive in an ordinary degree. It is obvious to reason, as well as consistent with all former experience, that the revenue derived from articles of the most general consumption must be injured by the calamity of a deficient harvest; and when the committee considered that the distress proceeding from this cause had [illegible]ved immediately that rapid fall of [illegible]ces by which the agriculture of the [illegible]gdom had been so greatly depressed, [illegible]d come in conjunction with the ef[illegible]t produced upon the commerce and [illegible]nufacturing industry of the country [illegible] the sudden changes which had occur[illegible] in the political state of Europe, they [illegible]re fully prepared to find a very consi[illegible]able deficiency in the produce of the [illegible]ncipal taxes in the year ended the 5th [illegible]uary, 1817; and the more especially, [illegible]ll these causes of distress appear to [illegible]ve been felt by most of the nations of [illegible] continent in a similar, and by many [illegible] them, in a severer degree.

"The fact has, indeed, corresponded [illegible]th the principles upon which this ex[illegible]tation was founded; but although [illegible]se concurring evils have not failed to [illegible]duce in a material degree their natt[illegible] consequences, yet your committee, in [illegible]templating the utmost extent of them, [illegible] in comparing them with the depres[illegible]n which the revenue has experienced [illegible]former instances, when affected by the [illegible]gle calamity of a deficient harvest, are [illegible]posed to consider it as a striking proof [illegible] the substantial strength and wealth of [illegible] country, and its consumption should [illegible] have been diminished in a greater [illegible]gree under the accumulated circum[illegible]stances of embarrassment, which have [illegible]ressed upon the last year.

"Your committee are well aware that [illegible] addition to the general causes affect[illegible] the usual consumption of taxed com[illegible]dities in the year 1816, some part of [illegible] diminution of the revenue must be at[illegible]buted to the diminished consumption [illegible] the government itself; but, in opposi[illegible]n to this circumstance, they consider [illegible] the cessation of so large a portion of [illegible] taxes (viz: 17,500,000l. per annum) [illegible] expired in the last year, although their [illegible]ection continued to operate during [illegible] remainder of that year, cannot fail, [illegible]en the full benefit of the addition [illegible]reby made to the means of individuals [illegible]enerally felt, to encourage an increas[illegible] expenditure and consumption by the [illegible]mmunity at large: a consideration [illegible]ich is to be set against any inference [illegible]e drawn from the necessary diminu[illegible]n in the demands and consumption of [illegible]overnment.

"Your committee being, therefore, fully impressed with the belief that the unfavorable returns of the revenue in the year 1816 are essentially referable to the general distresses of the country, are necessarily led to the conclusion, that according as these distresses may be removed by the recovery of trade and agriculture, from the shock occasioned by the sudden change in the money value of commodities, and in proportion as the industry of the laboring classes may receive relief from more extended or more productive employment, coupled with the blessing of a more favorable season than the last—in the same proportion and degree may it be confidently expected that the public revenue of the country will return to its average rate of productiveness.

"Of the degree in which some melioration may already have taken place, [illegible] of the period within which a full recovery from our late difficulties may be anticipated, it would be premature and perhaps presumptuous, in your committee to attempt to state any distinct opinion. They have, however, thought it right to call for such information as could be acquired upon this very important point, from some of the persons most conversant, practically, with the manufacturing and commercial industry of the country; and the opinions of these persons as to the actual commencement, or early prospect of returning activity, are upon the whole, encouraging and satisfactory. Your committee feel warranted by the concurring sentiments of [illegible] witnesses, as well as by all other [illegible]ations within their own observation, in expressing a belief that a favorable alteration is already manifesting itself [illegible]bout the country. And when your committee contemplate the great advantages possessed by this nation over all [illegible] which have suffered, and are still [illegible]g, by the calamities peculiar to [illegible]ent period,—in the substantial [illegible]es of accumulated wealth, and of [illegible]d extensive establishments for [illegible]loyment of labour and the main[illegible]l industry—they cannot but indulge the most confident hope that amelioration once begun will be rapidly accelerated. They, therefore, conceive that [illegible] not be exhibiting a too favorable [illegible] of the future revenue from the [illegible] taxes, when they assume the average productiveness of the last two years (corresponding, nearly as they [illegible]n, with the average of the three years) as the foundation of their estimate.

"The committee estimate the [illegible] produce of the pub[illegible]ne at £52,205,364

[illegible] expenditures for [illegible] 63,817,732

[illegible] 65,216,675

"The probable average income in the [illegible]17 and 1818, is 52,205,364l. [illegible]ng deducted from the estimat[illegible] of the expenditure in each of [illegible], it would appear that there [illegible]ain to be provided by extraor[illegible]ources, to make good the dif[illegible]etween the total income and [illegible]re, in the year 1817, 15,302,-[illegible] in the year 1818, 13,711,311l. [illegible]ntly of any addition to the an[illegible], by reason of new debt which [illegible]ated in either of those years."

We have only to add to the above, that even by this statement, to which there are many objections, the expenditure for the present year will exceed the whole income, together with the sum applicable to the reduction of the national debt, when added to the income, will only exceed the expenditure by 2,392,806l. and all this is upon the supposition that by no armament, by no public occurrence of any kind, shall we be obliged to incur any unexpected expense. There hardly seems to be a notion of reducing the peace expenditure to any reasonable amount, and till that is done the people must be heavily oppressed. The report thus concludes:

"Your committee do not think it necessary to submit any prospective calculations upon this subject; but if, by the continued blessings of peace and a system of persevering economy, the public credit of the country, aided by the uninterrupted operation of the Sinking Fund, should attain the point at which it stood in 1792, your committee observe with satisfaction that a diminution of charge might be effected by the reduction of interest alone, which would be an annual saving of between two and three millions sterling. Looking forward to this event as the resource which promises the greatest and most substantial relief to our finances, and feeling that in this attainment the country would find at once the evidence of existing ease and the pledge of growing prosperity, your committee cannot better conclude this report than by expressing their anxious hope that nothing will arise, either in the state of our foreign relations, or in the administration of the domestic concerns of the empire to call for exertions which might tend to retard or disappoint the prospect of this most desirable improvement."

Attention!

☞ The Members of the Alexandria Troop are particularly requested to attend a meeting, at Brown's Hotel, THIS EVENING, at 7 o'clock, on business of importance. september 10

Exchange Coffee House
MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF ALEXANDRIA....SEPT. 8.

ARRIVED.

Brig James Monroe, Sawyer, fr Portland, 10 days; plaster, to Lawrason and Fowle, and furniture to Samuel Ward.

Brig Adeline, Souther, fr. Eastport, 13 days; plaister, to F. Dodge. Passed brig Emily in Nanjemoy reach, on Sunday, proceeding down.

Schr Independence, Ames, from Norfolk, 4 days; ballast.

—— Ellen, Gilman, Baltimore, five days; ballast.

ARRIVED, *Sept.* 9.

Brig Hunter, Grinnalds, 21 days fr. St. Thomas's; ballast, to John Janney and Co. Left a schr belonging to Norfolk, and a brig, Capt. Dill, fr. N. Orleans, belonging to Philadelphia.—Markets very dull—Flour $12 per barrel—Coffee $16 per hundred—Sugar $9.—Mr. Jonathan Ross, supercargo of the Hunter, tarried at St. Thomas's, to dispose of the outward cargo.

ENTERED,

Ship Thomas, Kelly, P. Petre, Guadaloupe.

MEMORANDA.

Schr Malvina, Gird, hence, arrived at New-York 6th instant, 15 days—and up for this port.

—— Mary and Nancy, Brewster, at Boston 4th instant—up for this port, to sail next day.

The steam boat Washington, on her passage down, on Sunday evening, off Chickamuxen, unavoidably ran foul of a sloop of about 18 tons burthen, owned by Thos. Herst, of Washington City, loaded with wood; the sloop in consequence of this accident, immediately filled with water—the people were taken on board the steam boat, every means were adopted to save their property, and the sloop towed on shore in the mouth of Chickamuxen creek.

Evening School.

THE subscriber proposes opening an Evening School on the first of October, and respectfully solicits a share of the publick patronage. Terms of admission, Three Dollars per quarter.

He also proposes restricting his DAY SCHOOL to a select and limited number of boys. Terms of admission, Five Dollars per quarter

JEREMIAH TRACEY.

september 10

To Let,

TWO Brick WAREHOUSES, situate at the intersection of King and Columbus-streets, well calculated for the Dry, Grocery, or Flour Business —For terms enquire of

W. H. DUNDAS.

september 10 d1w3stuf

Notice.

THE partnership heretofore existing under the firm of JAS HATHERINGTON & Co. (Coopers) is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

JAMES HATHERINGTON,
MOSES O. B CAWOOD.

☞ The Coopering Business will be continued by Jas. Hatherington, Jun. who will execute all orders in his line on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms

september 9 3t*

Lawler Wheat.

FIFTY bushels of LAWLER WHEAT, for sale, in good order for seed.—Satisfactory proof can be given if required, of its being the variety introduced here by Mr. JOHN LOVE, under the above name. Apply by letter, to

A. W. PREUSS,
at Montasile.

☞ Wanted, two Negro CARPENTERS, by the month, capable of erecting Log-houses—to whom liberal wages will be given. Apply as above.

september 10 w3m3t

Notice.

BEING desirous of having as little trouble as possible in keeping book accounts, I would beg those that deal with me to send orders, and not for less than one dollar at a time.

I will rent a part of my house for a large wholesale dry good or grocery, or retail, or both, with a good cellar and compting room, by the year or otherwise.

Also, all the concern I now live at, but not for less than five years; or I will sell the whole at a fair price—80 feet on King-street, and 100 deep. No better stand in the street.

A very neat little brick house to let in Duke-street, between Patrick and Henry streets. ALEX. PERRY.

sept. 10 ws1w w3f

For Boston & Portland,

The brig SUSAN, Capt. Woodbury; will sail in all this week & take freight low. Apply to

LAWRASON & FOWLE.

For Freight,

The new and superior brig JAMES MONROE, L. Sawyer, master; burthen about 1100 barrels; is a first rate vessel, can be ready in a few days to receive a cargo, and will take a freight to Europe, the W. Indies or Coastwise.

FOR SALE,

The said brig's Cargo, of 135 tons Plaster Paris. Apply as above.

september 10

New-England Rum, Pickling Vinegar, &c.

50 BARRELS N. E. RUM, now landing.

ON HAND,

A few hogsheads good Cider Vinegar, for pickling, with a general assortment of Groceries as usual—for sale by

JACKSON STURGIS,
Corner of King and Fairfax streets.

August 26 2w

Millinery

MRS. HASKINS has just received from Boston, by the brig Economy, an elegant assortment of STRAW HATS, of the newest fashion, which she offers for sale at her store, Fairfax-street.

sept. 8 3t

Salt and Coal

THE Cargo of ship Ocean, Captain Fowle, from Liverpool, of

6000 bushels } Coarse
500 sacks } Liverpool Salt
2000 bushels Coal, superior quality

For sale by

LAWRASON & FOWLE,

Who have also for sale, the Cargo of ship Hazard, Capt. Crabtree, from Liverpool, of

10,000 bushels coarse Liverpool salt
1,500 bushels coal.

ALSO,

The Cargo of schr Planter, Capt Sturdivant, from Eastport, of

240 tons Plaster Paris.

ALSO,

The Cargoes of the schooners Packet, Capt. M'Clellan, and William and Nancy, Captain Young, of

850 casks Thomaston lime
2,500 feet merchantable and clear boards
1,000 feet joists. september 8

Sugar.

30 HHDS. prime Antigua Sugar, landing from schooner Two Brothers from Norfolk, for sale by

BARNEWALL & POPHAM.

sept. 4 2w

India China,

CONSISTING of

Tea and dining setts
Pint bowls (enamelled)
Evening cups and saucers
Dining plates (flat and deep)
Desert plates (2d and 3d sizes)

Also, a few pipes superior

L. P. Madeira Wine,

Just received per the schr Henry Clay, *For sale by*

CHARLES L CATLETT,

sept. 9 Irvin's wharf.

Alex'a. Circulating Library

IS now established on the north side of Prince street, one door east of Mr. Matthew Robinson's shoe shore, where attendance will be duly given by the subscriber, who intends to enlarge and improve the establishment by constantly adding thereto all new publications, as they are issued by the British or American press, where he hopes the reader of science and sentiment may be amply gratified. To effect this improvement, the subscriber pledges himself to the public that every exertion shall be attempted to make it an object of public patronage.

WILLIAM KING

september 9 3t

House Wanted.

A COMMODIOUS Dwelling House in some convenient part of the town, the rent of which would be moderate, is wanted for a small family—Possession is wished immediately. Apply to Lawrason and Fowle, or to

WM. CRABTREE, jun.

september 8 5t

Shoes

S. & D. REED, Fairfax-street,

HAVE just received an extensive assortment of SHOES, which they will sell on very accommodating terms.

Country merchants can be supplied with shoes by the trunk at the Philadelphia and Baltimore prices.

IN STORE.

300 first quality felt HATS.
200 reams WRAPPING PAPER.

september 8 mwtf

For Sale,

ON board the brig George Washington, at Capt. Baine's wharf—

5 hogsheads N. E. Rum
25 bags and 15 barrels Coffee, first quality
7 barrels St. Croix Rum
2 chests Young Hyson Tea
40 boxes sper. Candles
4 hogsheads country Gin
4 pipes Holland Gin
16 boxes Soap
1 cask Pearl Ash
4,000 wt. loaf and lump Sugar
12 kegs retailing Tobacco
81 casks Lime
25 barrels Tar, Cheese, Onions, Potatoes, Cod-fish.

E. CORNING.

sept. 5 3t

For Sale,

A FEW tons Carolina Moss
Window glass, all sizes
Looking glasses
Paints, putty, linseed oil, gold leaf

☞ Looking-glasses, pictures, &c. framed in the most fashionable style.

Painting, glazing and gilding executed in the best manner. E. GILMAN.

september 5 fwm3tw4w

Blacking Cakes.

JUST received for sale by the subscribers, DAY & MARTIN'S very superior

BLACKING CAKES;

so much esteemed for their beautiful jet black, and nourishment of leather.

JAS. KENNEDY & SON.

september 1 mwf

Notice.

THE creditors of WM. SMITH, deceased, whose claims have been passed by the orphans' court, will take notice, that a dividend of assets will be made under the direction of the said court on Tuesday, the 16th instant.

sept. 5 R. C. NORTON, Adm'r.

Fifty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, living at Columbia Court-house, Georgia, a negro man, named MINNY, about 30 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, dark complexion, grins when spoken to, remarkably bow-legged, and has a little impediment in his speech—he was formerly the property of Mr James Anderson, of Alexandria, and it is not improbable he may be lurking about Alexandria as he has a wife there, or he may have made for Philadelphia, and pretend he is free and shew free papers. I will give the above reward for apprehending and securing him in jail so that I get him again. CALEB EUBANK.

september 8 d2m

Fifty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on the third day of July last, Negro WILL, commonly calls himself WILLIAM LEACH, but since has passed himself by the name of JOSEPH GALES, and was committed to the jail of Fairfax county on the 24th of last month—(August)—and broke jail. Said negro is about 5 feet 5 inches high, black complexion, thick nose, high forehead, has a blemish in his right eye, well made, uses his left hand generally instead of his right—had on when he broke jail, a white jean round jacket, white trowsers and sailors' hat; when spoken to is very pert and forward in conversation. The above reward will be paid if delivered to S. Ratcliffe, at Fairfax court house, or

AZEL BEALL.

September 3 d3w

100 Dollars Reward.

ABSCONDED from the subscriber, two female negro SLAVES. Phoebe, who I understand has changed her name to Nancy, 30 years of age, about five feet seven or eight inches high, black complexion, straight and well proportioned, brought up as a house servant and sempstress—at which last profession she is excelled by none of her color.

Peggy, a bright mulatto, 19 or 20 years of age, about 5 feet 5 or six inches high, rather thick, and has a scar on the top of one of her feet; also brought up as a house servant.

The above reward will be paid for the delivery of the above slaves to me, at my residence in Fairfax county, at the 22d mile stone, Little River Turnpike Road; or sixty dollars for the former and forty for the latter.

HARRISON FITZHUGH.

May 7 wfmtf

Sales at Auction.

By JOHN JACKSON & Co.

THIS DAY, at 10 A. M.

Will be sold at the auction room Union street without reserve,

Elegant linen damask for table cloths
Super Irish Linens; brown hollands
Cotton shirtings; cotton cambricks
Cotton bandannos; domestic ginghams
Shirtings; sheetings; checks; threads
Vesting; gloves; dowlas
Long and short kid gloves
Romal hdkfs; mamoodies; baffas
Emerties; dimities; cotton cassimers
Bundle and pound pins; super cloths
Second cloths; velvets and cords
Bedford cords; suspenders; tapes
Levantines; Florence silks; buttons
Knitting yarn; calicoes; bombazetts
Pock hdkfs; Madras do. &c. &c.

september 8

Elegant Alabaster Ornaments,

PRINTS, FRENCH CHINA, &c.

THIS DAY at 3 P. M.

WILL be sold without reserve, at the store recently occupied by Mr. Lewis Nicll, Fairfax street, a large and elegant assortment of alabaster ornaments, prints, French china, jewelry, artificial flowers, &c. &c.

sept. 10 JNO. JACKSON & Co.

On SATURDAY, at 9 A. M.

Will be sold at our Auction Room, Union-street,

All the personal property of Wm. Paton, Jr. deceased, consisting of Mechanics' Bank stock, feather beds, matrasses, bedsteads, tables, elegant looking glasses, sofa, double barrel gun, rifle, 2 fowling pieces, 1 pair duelling pistols, valuable books, maps, blankets, bed and window curtains, liquor case, counting room desk, castors, knives and forks, paper-hanging, servants, horses, gig, etc. etc.

By order of the administrator,

sep 10 JNO. JACKSON & Co. Auct'r

Valuable Stock of Dry Goods

AT AUCTION.

WILL *positively* be sold at public auction on Wednesday, Sept. 10th, the entire stock of DRY GOODS of Hezekiah Miller; consisting nearly of every article in the dry good line. This stock comprises a choice parcel of goods, and retailers will find it much to their interest to attend, as those goods must be sold, agreeable to a deed of trust made to the subscriber, for certain purposes.—Terms liberal, and made known on the day of sale, and sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M.

WM. S. NICHOLLS, Trustee.
JONCHEREZ & DAVIS, Auc.

Georgetown, sept. 5 d3s

BY virtue of the power reserved to me, in my contract entered into on the second day of October 1816, with Jonathan Scholfield and Alban G. Smith, I will expose to public sale, at Port-Tobacco, on the 22d day of September, so much of that tract or parcel of Land, called

The Desert Enlarged;

Situate and lying in Nanjemoy, Charles county, as will raise the sum of two thousand two hundred and ninety-three dollars, sixty-six and two-thirds of a cent, being the balance due me on the sale to the said Scholfield and Smith, of the above lands. GEO. FORBES.

Piscataway, Sept 4 d3s

WILL be sold, for cash, on the 16th day of October, 1817, in the town of Dumfries, at the late residence of E. JOSEPH HUBER, deceased—

All the Stock of Leather,

About six thousand dollars worth—consisting of seal, upper, bridle and harness leather; also, rip, calf, hog, and limb skins, all of which is in the rough, in good condition and nearly tanned It will be worth the attention of curriers and tanners from a distance.

N. B At the same time and place, the TAN-YARD will be rented for a term of years. The terms will be made known at the sale if not previously rented.

GEORGE F. HUBER, Adm'r.
of E. Joseph Huber, dec'd.

Dumfries, sept 8 mwtts

W. Devaughn, Jun.

HAIR DRESSER & PERFUMER,
Royal-street, Alexandria,

HAS just received from New-York an assortment of whips, canes, rattans, snuff boxes of various patterns; and also, on hand, an assortment in his line, consisting of razors, knives, brushes, boxes, straps, combs, Colengue powder, soap, dressing cases, pomatum, puffs, &c.

All of which will be sold low for cash.

sept. 6

Wanted,

IN a private family, in the country, a FEMALE capable of instructing a few small children. A person of good character will hear of an eligible situation on application to the Printer.

August 6 wtm

For Sale,

A MALE COOK, aged about thirty-five years, and skilful in his profession. For terms, apply to Wm Hodgson, E. I. Lee, James Campbell, or

ABIEL HOLBROOK.

August 27 wa

To Rent,

THAT large WAREHOUSE on the north side of King street, between Union and Water streets, lately occupied by Messrs. Griffith and Brannen as an auction and commission warehouse.—Immediate possession will be given and the terms made known by

D. H. ALLEN.

May 10

To Let,

THE HOUSE formerly occupied by the subscriber as a Dry Good Store. Possession to be given immediately.—For terms, enquire of John Morgan or Gen. Bruce, Jun. LEWIS NEILL.

July 8

For Sale,

THAT large and commodious three story brick Dwelling House on King street upper end at present occupied by Dr. George F. Thornton. For terms apply to

WM. HERBERT Jun.

May 21 ws

To Rent.

THE HOUSE AND LOT,

LATELY occupied by Mr. Moses Kenney, on the turnpike road, near the first toll-gate. A good stand for a store, tavern or any other business. Enquire of Mr L. Coles, near the premises.

July 80 ws

Piscataway Property for Sale.

PURSUANT to a decree of Prince George's county court, sitting as a court of chancery, the subscriber, as trustee, appointed by the honorable judges thereof, will sell at public sale, in the town of Piscataway, on Friday, 3d October next, the following very valuable property, to wit:

A very handsomely improved and desirable lot at the lower end of the town, formerly the residence of the late Jacob Duckett, Esq. on which, besides a neat dwelling, is every other convenient house for a family.

Attached to this lot is an extremely commodious store house, of 80 by 27 feet, having a dry cellar of same dimensions, and granaries calculated to hold 5 or 7,000 bushels, with stabling for 4 horses.

Adjoining this is a 7 or 8 acre lot, well enclosed, of rich soil, with a large barn and prize shed on it.

If not sooner disposed of by private, he will then offer at public sale, 8 or 10 acres of meadow land, now well set in timothy, and immediately adjoining the town. Also, 150 acres of land, distant about 2 miles therefrom, very heavily wooded. To those engaged in the carrying of wood to the District, this latter would be worth attention. All the above property will be sold on a credit of 1, 2 and 3 years, purchasers giving good security on bond with interest from 1st January next, when possession will be given. HOR. C. M'ELDERRY

Piscataway, Aug 8 tuTS—wfmts

Land for Sale

THE subscriber offers for sale a tract of 80 acres of land, on the Colchester road, five miles from Alexandria, adjoining the lands of Haswood Foote and Dennis Johnston. The greater part of this tract is fine meadow land, abundantly supplied with water. Also one other tract of 261 acres, on the Ravensworth road, about 6 miles from Alexandria, and one mile from the last mentioned tract, adjoining land of Thos. Janney and Mr. M'Pherson—the greater part of this tract is in wood, the soil good and highly susceptible of improvement, from the use of plaster. If these lands are not sold before the first of January next, they will then be for rent.

CHARLES SIMMS.

June 18 ws

Public Sale,

Of Dwelling Houses and Land

WILL offer for sale, at public auction, at the Merchants' Coffee-House in Alexandria, on the 15th of September, at half past 12 o'clock, P. M. a two story Brick Dwelling House and Lot, on the east side of Washington-street, in Alexandria, between Prince and Duke-streets, being the southernmost house of three two story brick houses built by Jonathan Schofield. The title is clear.—One thousand dollars will be required on the first of February next, and the residue in four equal annual payments thereafter—the whole purchase money to be satisfactorily secured and to bear interest from the first of October next, when possession will be given. ALSO,

A Dwelling House and about 253 acres of Land, in Fairfax County, within three miles from Alexandria, more than one-third of which is woodland. The dwelling house is of wood, well built, & may make a comfortable and very healthy residence. The land is capable of great improvement by the use of plaster and clover. ALSO,

Thirty-eight and half acres of Wood Land, about half a mile west of Town, and affording a handsome scite for building.

For the house & land in Fairfax county five hundred dollars will be required in hand, one thousand dollars on the first of July next, and the residue in six equal annual instalments thereafter—the woods & chose money to bear interest from the day of sale, and to be satisfactorily secured.—For further information apply to W. CRANCH.

P. G. MARSTELLER, Auct'r.

August 28 dts

For Sale,

A tract of land containing 637 acres, more or less, lying on Occoquan Bay in the county of Fairfax and state of Virginia, adjoining the lands of Robert I. Thompson and William Mason. It is presumed those desirous of purchasing will view the land and for themselves judge of its peculiar advantages. One third of the purchase money will be required in hand, the balance at 12, & 18 months, with a deed of trust to secure the payments.

Thompson F. Mason.

December 14.

A valuable Farm for Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER will sell, on reasonable terms, a valuable and productive farm of 600 acres, or thereabouts—being part of the lands of the late Richard Brent, lying on Kettle Run in the county of Prince William, in the state of Virginia—20 miles from the Occoquan Mills—33 miles from Alexandria, and about the same distance from Georgetown and the City of Washington. This farm lies in the centre of an excellent neighbourhood—is handsomely situated—abundantly watered, and has upon it an ample proportion of wood. The soil is naturally strong, and a considerable portion of it has for some years past, been cultivated according to the most approved rules of modern husbandry—Possession will be given on the first day of January next. The terms upon which this property will be sold, will be made known upon application to George L. Brent, of Stafford County, Va. or to the subscriber living in Alexandria.

JOHN D SIMMS.

september 6 tf

Fauquier Land for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale his farm, called "CULLINS," situated in the county of Fauquier, on Kettle Run, and adjoining the lands of Messrs. Samuel Weaver, Jacob Weaver, and others. 7 miles from Fauquier Court House, 35 from Alexandria, and 5 from the Rockland Mills, containing about 400 acres; a considerable portion of which is now in very heavy timber, the balance cleared and in cultivation, including about 80 acres of the first quality bottom land, which, with a small portion of labor, might be made to produce a large quantity of hay. This land lies well, and is in a good neighborhood, and finely watered, Kettle Run passing thro' the farm. To a person disposed to purchase land for the purpose of cultivating and improving it himself, the above offers great advantages, as the *plaister Paris & clover* acts on no land more efficaciously than on this.

Also, one other farm, lying immediately adjoining, containing the like number of 400 acres; about one half of which has been cleared, the balance well set in timber.

The above farms will be sold together or separately, as may suit purchasers.—For terms, which will be liberal, apply to the subscriber, residing near the premises.

T. C. NASH.

september 6 3w

Orphans' Court,

Alexandria County, August Term, 1817.

ORDERED that the administrator of Peter Piles, deceased, do insert the usual advertisement three times a week for two weeks in the Alexandria newspapers.

A copy—test.

A. MOORE, Register.

This is to give Notice.

That the subscribers of Alexandria county, in the District of Columbia, has obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county letters of administration, with the will annexed, on the estate of PETER PILES, late of said county, deceased.—All persons having claims against the said decedent are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, passed by the Orphans' Court, to the subscriber on or before the 27th day of February next, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate; and those indebted thereto are required to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 27th August, 1817.

LEWIS PILES.

Adm'r. with the will annexed, of

August 27 Peter Piles, dec'd.

Orphans' Court,

Alexandria County, August Term, 1817.

ORDERED that the executors of William Hepburn, deceased, do insert the usual advertisement 3 times a week for 6 weeks in the Alexandria newspapers

A copy—teste.

A. MOORE, Register.

This is to give Notice.

That the subscribers of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, have obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, letters testamentary on the estate of WILLIAM HEPBURN, late of said county, deceased: All persons having claims against the said decedent, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, passed by the Orphans' Court, on or before the 18th day of February next, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate; and those indebted thereto are required to make immediate payment.—Given under our hands this 18th day of August, 1817.

JONAH ISABELL,

ARCH'D. M'CLEAN,

Ex'rs of the estate of Wm. Hepburn.

August 13 6w

SALES AT VENDUE.

In every Tuesday and Friday

WILL BE SOLD,

At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and Water Streets,

Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.

Particulars of which will be expressed in the bills of the day.

☞ All kind of goods which are on consignation and the prices of which are established, can at any time be viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation and prices.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

November 27

Mechanics' Bank of Alex'a

SEPTEMBER 2, 1817.

THE stockholders of this institution are hereby notified that a dividend of five per cent. for the last half year is this day declared payable to them or their legal representatives on Friday the 12th instant.

By order of the president and directors,

P. H. MINOR, Cashier.

THIS is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Charles county, in Md. letters of administration on the personal estate of William Turner, of Jonathan late of Charles county, deceased: all persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the first day of April next; they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this the twenty-first day of August, Anno Domino eighteen hundred and seventeen.

JOHN TURNER, Adm.

August 23 stuth

THIS is to give notice that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Charles county, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of Thomas C. Nally, late of Charles county, deceased: all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the first day of December next; they may otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this the first day of June, Anno Domino eighteen hundred and seventeen.

THOMAS BURGESS, Ex'r.

August 26 6wSw

ALEXANDRIA, July 31, 1817.

WAS committed to the jail of this county, as a run away, a negro lad, who calls himself JIM PHILIPS, and says he is free born, and that he was born in Culpeper county, Virginia, about 12 miles from Fauquier court house, and that his father's name is Armsted Phillips, and drove a waggon for a Mrs. Withers of that place: he is about 17 or 18 years of age, and 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, and says he ran away from his father, and has followed the sea some time past. The owner, if any, is requested to come and prove his property, pay charges, and take him away, otherwise he will be disposed of as the law directs.

JAS. CAMPBELL, Jailor.

Alexandria, July 3.

WAS committed to the jail of this county as a runaway, a Negro man, who calls himself Wm. BURRELL, and says he is free, and his mother lives near Aquia, Stafford county, Va. he is about 19 or 20 years of age; about 5 feet 6 inches high, rather slim made; his clothes blue and ragged—The owner is requested to come and prove property, and take him away, otherwise he will be disposed of as the law directs.

JAS. CAMPBELL, Jailor.

July 12

Notice.

RAN away from the subscriber in Cornwallis's Neck, a negro woman named Phillis, formerly the cook and market woman of Captain Richard Stonestreet, of Broad Creek—I have heard she wishes to get to Philadelphia. I will give One Hundred Dollars if taken in or about Philadelphia: Twenty five if taken in or about Baltimore, and Fifty Dollars if taken in Alexandria or neighborhood, and secured in any jail so that I get her again. I heard lately she was seen in Washington with her free husband, who calls himself William Adams.

Joseph N. Stonestreet.

February 22 tf

Twenty Dollars Reward.

WAS stolen from my pasture on the night of the 20th instant a very dark bay or black HORSE, 4 years old, about 14 hands high, with a star in his forehead, and a small lump raised under the hinder part of the saddle—no other marks recollected: he trots and gallops, but moves much like a colt. I will give five dollars if taken up not exceeding 10 miles from home; if above 10 miles, and not exceeding 20 miles, ten dollars; if above 20, and not exceeding 30 miles, fifteen dollars; and if above 30 miles twenty dollars will be given, with all reasonable expenses paid, if brought home to the subscriber, living in Charles county, near New Port, Maryland.

LEONARD WOOD.

August 28 6w

Sales at Auction.

On Wednesdays and Saturdays,

WILL BE OFFERED,

At the Auction Office on Union street, Between King and Prince—

AN extensive and general assortment of seasonable Goods, of British, French, German, India, and Domestic Manufacture, which will be well selected, and well worthy the attention of town and country merchants and others: as the undersigned will be abundantly supplied from the manufactors and their friends in Boston, New York and Philadelphia—which will give to gentlemen an opportunity of laying in their goods on as good terms as they can be in those cities, making into view the difference of Exchange, etc. etc.

The particular description of goods will be advertised in the papers of the day.

Consignments strictly attended to and liberal advances made if desirable.

John Jackson & Co.

For Sale,

A STRONG healthy NEGRO MAN, believed to be from thirty to thirty-five years of age. He has for a few years past worked under the direction of an experienced gentleman-gardiner. Apply to NORLET HERBERT, Esq. Alexandria. August 5

AN ACCOUNT OF

Lee's Patent and Family Medicines,

Celebrated for the cure of most Diseases to which the human body is liable,

PARTICULARLY

Worms	Head-ache
Coughs and Colds	Tooth-ache
Asthma	Corns
Consumption	Itch
Gout	R. Worms & Tetters
Diseases of the eyes	Inward weaknesses
Rheumatism	Nervous Disorders
Sprains	Female Complaints
Palsy	Hooping Cough &c.

For the prevention and cure of BILIOUS AND MALIGNANT FEVERS is recommended

HAHN'S ANTI BILIOUS PILLS

THIS Medicine has been attended with a degree of success highly grateful to the inventor's feelings in several parts of the West Indies and in the Southern and Middle States, particularly in New-York Philadelphia Baltimore Petersburg Richmond Norfolk Edenton Wilmington Charleston and Savannah. The testimony of a number of persons in each of the above places can be adduced, who have reason to believe that a timely use of this salutary remedy has under Providence preserved their lives when in the most alarming circumstances.

Facts of this conclusive nature speak more in favour of a medicine than columns of pompous eulogy founded on mere assertion.

It is not indeed presumptuously proposed as an infallible cure, but the inventor has every possible reason that can result from extensive experience for believing that a dose of these Pills taken once in every two weeks during the prevalence of our bilious fevers, will prove an infallible preventative; and further, that in the earlier stages of those diseases their use will very generally succeed in restoring health, and frequently in cases esteemed desperate and beyond the power of common remedies.

The operation of these pills is perfectly mild, so as to be used with safety by persons in every situation and of every age.

They are excellently adapted to carry off superfluous bile and prevent its morbid secretions—to restore and amend the appetite—to produce a free perspiration and thereby prevent colds which are often of fatal consequences. A dose never fails to remove a cold if taken on its first appearance: they are celebrated for removing habitual costiveness—sickness at the stomach and severe head-ache—and ought to be taken by all persons on a change of climate.

They have been found remarkably efficacious in preventing and curing disorders attendant on long voyages, and should be procured and carefully preserved for use by every seaman.

Lee's Infallible Ague and Fever Drops

For the cure of agues, remittent and intermittent fevers.

Hamilton's Worm-destroying Lozenges.

Which have cured an immense number of persons of both sexes of every age and in every situation of various dangerous complaints arising from worms and from obstructions or foulness in their stomach and bowels.

This medicine bears no analogy whatever to others of similar titles so commonly complained of as operating with violence; on the contrary a particular excellence of this remedy is its being suited to every age and constitution. It contains nothing but what is perfectly innocent & is so mild in its operation that it cannot injure the most delicate pregnant lady or the tenderest infant of a week old should no worms exist in the body; but will without pain or griping cleanse the stomach and bowels of whatever is noxious or offensive, and thereby prevent the production of worms and many fatal disorders. The lozenges are particularly efficacious in carrying off all gross humours and eruptions, feverish and bilious complaints, and are the safest and mildest purgative that can be used on any occasion

Description of Worms, and the symptoms by which they are known.

Worms which infest the human body are chiefly of four kinds viz—The Teres or large round worm; the Ascarides or small maw-worm; the Cucumerine or short flat white worm; and lastly, the Tænia or tape-worm, so called from its resemblance to tape. This is often many yards long and is full of joints. It is most hurtful and most difficult to remove.

Among the symptoms attending worms are—disagreeable breath, especially in the morning; bad and corrupted gums; itching in the nose, and about the fundament; convulsions, epileptic fits, and sometimes privation of speech; starting and grinding of the teeth in sleep; irregular appetite, sometimes loathing food and sometimes voracious; purging with slimy and fœtid stools; vomiting; large and hard belly; pains and sickness at the stomach; slow fever with small and irregular pulse; a dry cough; excessive thirst; sometimes pale and unhealthy countenance, and sometimes the face bloated and flushed.

Persons afflicted with any of the above symptoms should have immediate recourse to Hamilton's Worm Destroying Lozenges, which have been constantly attended with success in all complaints similar to those above described.

A dose of this medicine given occasionally during the warm season, will infallibly prevent the vomiting and purging of children—a dreadful disease which annually destroys thousands of the infant part of our citizens. It is now the mildest and most certain remedy known, and has restored to health a great number when in the advanced stage of this fatal convulsion. Particular and plain instructions are given for every part of the necessary treatment in such cases.

Children generally take this medicine with eagerness; having a pleasing appearance, and an agreeable taste.

Hamilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard.

A safe and effectual remedy for rheumatisms gout palsy sprains and bruises white swellings old strains and pains, numbness and weakness of the joints pains of the side head ache swelled legs frozen limbs and every similar complaint. It prevents chilblains or chopped hands and the ill effects of getting wet or damp in the feet.

The Genuine Persian Lotion.

So celebrated among the fashionable throughout Europe, is an invaluable cosmetic, perfectly innocent and safe, free from corrosive and repellent mineral, the basis of other lotions, and of unparalleled efficacy in removing blemishes of the face and skin freckles pimples inflamatory redness scurfs tetters worms sunburns prickly heat &c. Persian Lotion operates mildly, without impeding the natural insensible perspiration which is essential to health, its effects are speedy and permanent rendering the skin delicately soft and smooth and improving the complexion.

The Damask Lip Salve—Bestor Powder for the teeth and gums.

This excellent preparation cleans and strengthens the gums, preserves the enamel from decay, and cleans and whitens the teeth, by absorbing the acrimonious slime and foulness which suffered to accumulate, never fails to injure and finally ruin them.

Hamilton's Grand Restorative

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine for the speedy relief and permanent cure of the various complaints arising from dissipated pleasures, indiscretions, residence in climates unfavourable to the constitution, the moderate use of tea, frequent intoxication or any other destructive intemperance, the unskilful or excessive use of mercury, the diseases peculiar to females at certain period of life, and lying in.

Hamilton's Elixir for Coughs, &c.

Celebrated for the cure of colds, inveterate coughs asthmas and approaching consumptions and a certain remedy for the hooping cough.

Hahn's genuine Eye Water

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes, whether the effect of debility, weakness or of accident.

Tooth Ache Drops.

The only remedy yet discovered that gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

Lee's Ointment for the Itch

Warranted an infallible remedy by application, may be used with perfect safety on infants a week old, not containing a particle of mercury or any dangerous ingredient whatever, and unaccompanied with that tormenting pain which attends the application of other remedies.

Hahn's true & genuine German Plaister.

☞ The above celebrated MEDICINES are prepared at Lee's Patent Medicine Warehouse New-York and sold wholesale & retail at the store of JAMES KENNEDY, King street, who are sole agents in Alexandria.

☞ At the place of sale pamphlets may be had gratis, describing the manner performed by the above medicines, the number, importance and respectability of which, fully justify every assertion in the advertisement.

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VOL. XVII

For Boston &
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